#### Disaster Planning for Laboratory Animal Facilities: Lessons Learned from Hurricane Katrina

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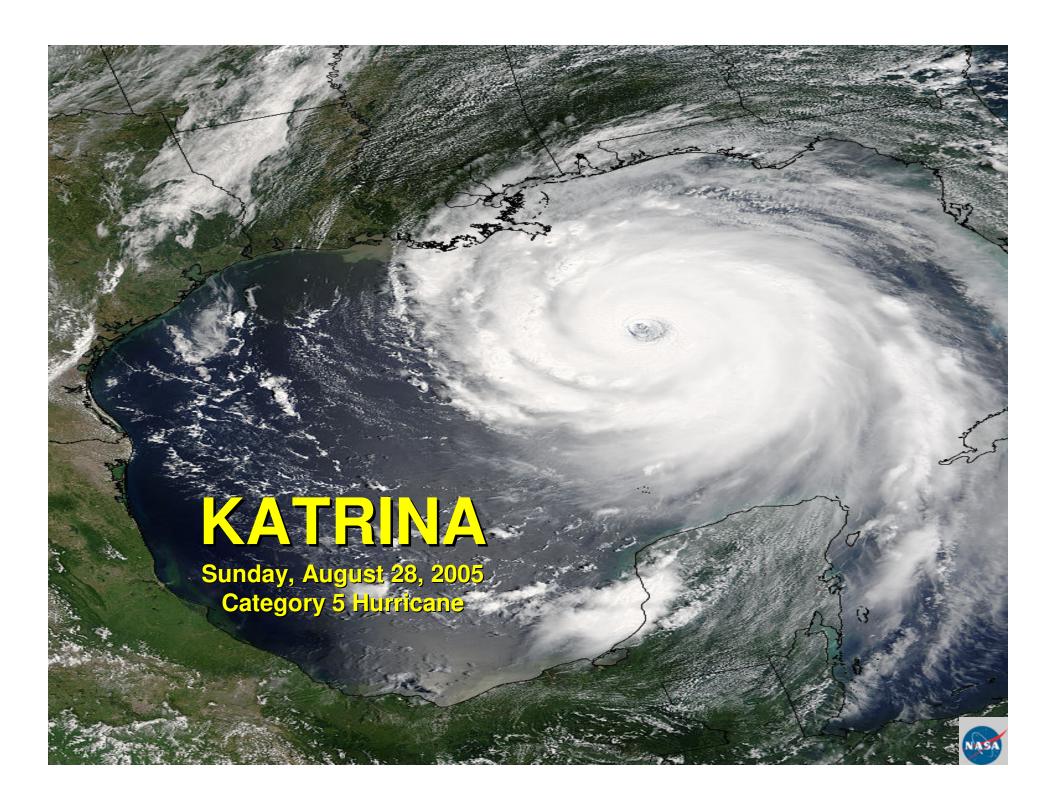


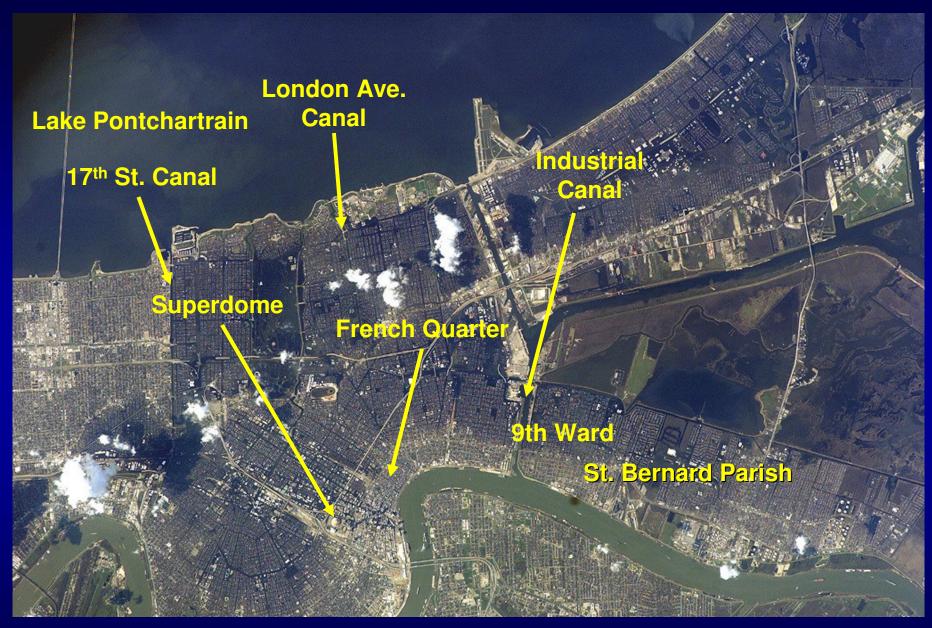




#### Outline

- Impact of Hurricane Katrina
- Research Animal Response Efforts
- Lessons Learned
  - Disaster Response
  - Disaster Planning





New Orleans and St. Bernard Parishes
View from International Space Station on Thursday, September 8, 2005







### Pre-Katrina Assumptions

- Only a temporary interruption of services
  - Pre-storm evacuees would return soon
  - Many decided to ride out the storm
- Hardened structures could continue to operate
  - Emergency generators could keep facilities operational

### Post-Katrina: The Reality

- Total infrastructure failure
  - Mandatory evacuation of New Orleans
  - > 500,000 people
- Absence of critical services
  - Power
  - Sewer and Water
  - Law Enforcement
  - Emergency Services

### Impact of Katrina

#### Employees displaced

Relocated 50- 2000 miles away

### Communications compromised

- Telephones inoperable
- Cell phone service poor to non-existent

#### Access to city closed

Limited to authorized personnel



### Impact on Animal Facilities

- Staff unable to access facilities
- No lighting, ventilation, temperature control
- No water and sewer
- Similar impact on hospitals, nursing homes, etc.



### Disaster Response: Animal Issues

- Research animals
- Evacuated pets
- Rescued pets
- Livestock
- Zoo, wildlife, and marine animals



#### US Public Health Service Veterinary Team Commissioned Corps Readiness Force Baton Rouge, September 2005



### Disaster Response: Research Animals

- Coordinated by State Animal Response Incident Command
- Assisted 2 local institutions
  - Rescued animals
    - NHPs, Transgenics, others
  - Humane euthanasia
  - USPHS, USDA, State,
     University veterinarians & technicians



# What did we learn from this experience?

Disaster Response

Disaster Planning



### Disaster Planning and Response for Animal Facilities: Goals

- Avoid or minimize adverse impacts on animal welfare
- Avoid or minimize adverse impacts on research
- Provide for the health and safety of personnel



## Lessons Learned: Disaster Response

- Provide for safety of response personnel
  - Security
  - Personnel Protective Equipment
  - Communications
    - Radio checks, buddy system
  - EMS/Fire/Rescue



## Lessons Learned: Disaster Response

- Bring everything you need
- Animal Rescue
  - Caging
  - Vehicles
  - Tranquilizers
- Humane Euthanasia
  - CO2
  - Controlled substances
  - Needles and syringes



#### Communications Plan

- Institutional contacts
  - Work, home, cell, email, home addresses
  - All animal program staff, IO, response team
  - Other institutions

#### Other contacts

- Local and state Emergency Operations Centers
- State veterinarian, state public health veterinarian
- USDA AVIC, AC
- Provide IO, AV contact information

#### Additional Resources

EOCs: Satellite phones, radio operators

- Establish contingency plans with other institutions
  - Housing for evacuated and rescued animals
  - Transportation, technical& veterinary staff



- Maintain accessible critical information
  - Location and numbers/species of animals
    - Priorities for evacuation/rescue
  - Location of keys
  - Location and nature of chemical, biologic, and radiological hazards
- Maintain in a secure off-site location

- Pre-Disaster action plan (If advance warning)
  - Animal evacuations
    - Which animals, how, where
  - Final preparations
    - Extra water, food
    - Move animals above flood/storm surge levels
    - Signage for rescue teams
      - Attempt to save: transgenics, genetic resources
      - Ok to euthanize



- After the disaster:
  - Assess accessibility of facility
  - Assess availability of personnel
  - Communicate needs and coordinate rescue efforts with local/state EOC and/or Animal Response Incident Command



### Disaster Planning: Lessons Learned

- After the disaster (cont.')
  - Communicate accurate information
    - IC Post, OLAW, Animal Care
  - Comply with reporting requirements
    - OLAW: animal harm or deaths as a result of disasters
    - Others as required

- Prepare for all-hazards
  - Natural disasters
    - Hurricanes, floods, icestorms, tornados, earthquakes, fires
  - Manmade disasters
    - Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Explosive
- Semi-annual review of disaster plans
- Ensure staff awareness of responsibilities

- Conduct training and exercises
  - Tabletop exercises
  - Local, state, regional, national exercises



### Disaster Planning: Summary

- Plan and train for the unexpected
- Coordinate with local and state emergency response officials
- Have a disaster plan to:
  - Optimize animal welfare
  - Minimize disruption to research
  - Ensure personnel safety



#### For more information

- OLAW
  - Disaster Response and Planning Resources
  - http://grants.nih.gov/grants/olaw/disaster\_planning.ht
     m
  - Updated 3/22/06
- The Federal Response to Hurricane Katrina: Lessons Learned, February, 2006
  - http://www.whitehouse.gov/reports/katrina-lessons-learned/

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  - USDA
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